

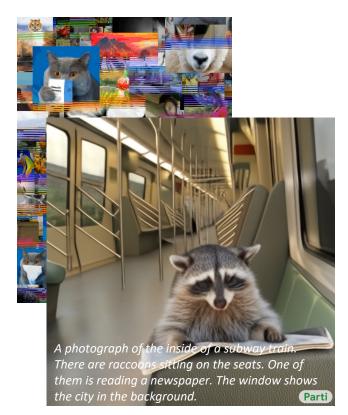
Image Editing with Optimization (part II)

Jun-Yan Zhu 16-726 Spring 2025

Large-scale Text-to-Image Models



Diffusion models (DALL-E 2, Imagen, SD)



Autoregressive models (Image GPT, Parti)



GANs, Masked GIT (GigaGAN, MUSE)

Limitations of Text-to-Image Models

Linguistic bottleneck: not everything can be described by text

Data bottleneck: many things are not included in the dataset:

Not in the public domains (e.g., personal concepts)
 Have not been created (e.g., new concepts)

Text-to-image isn't perfect...

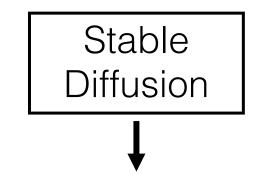




Photo of a moongate

Text-to-image isn't perfect...



Actual moongate images

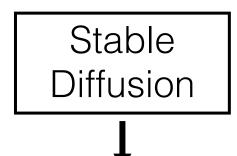




Photo of a moongate

Text-to-image isn't perfect...



Actual moongate images

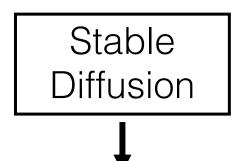




Photo of a moongate

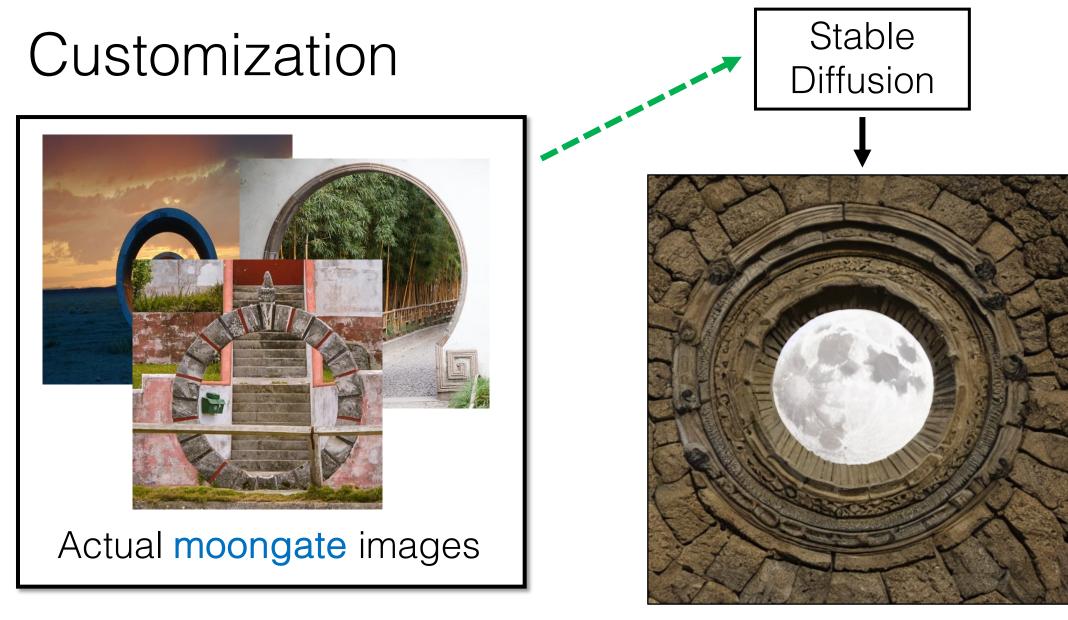


Photo of a moongate

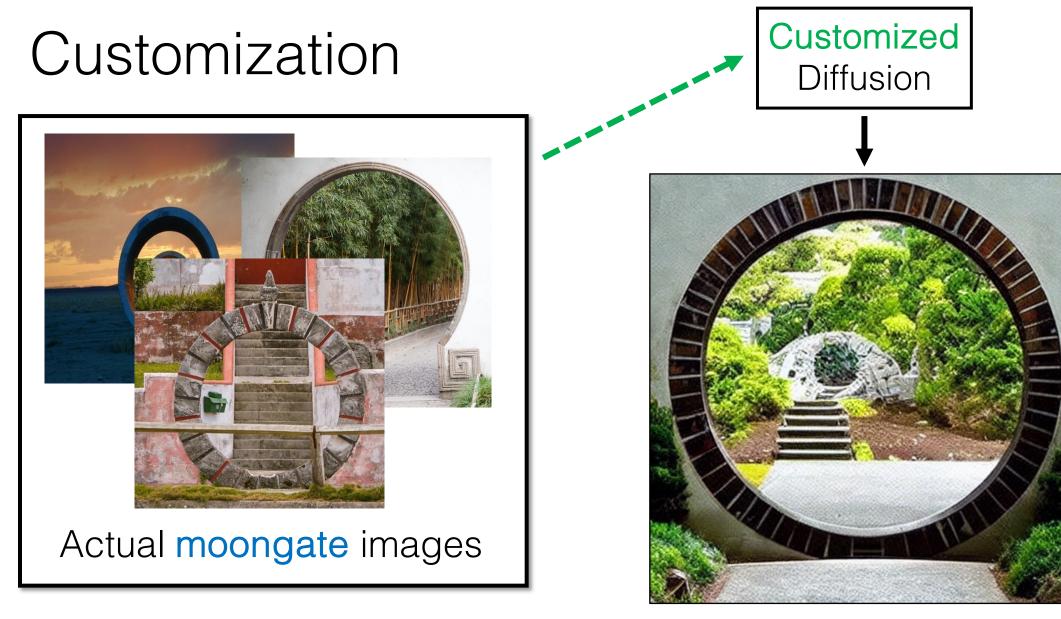
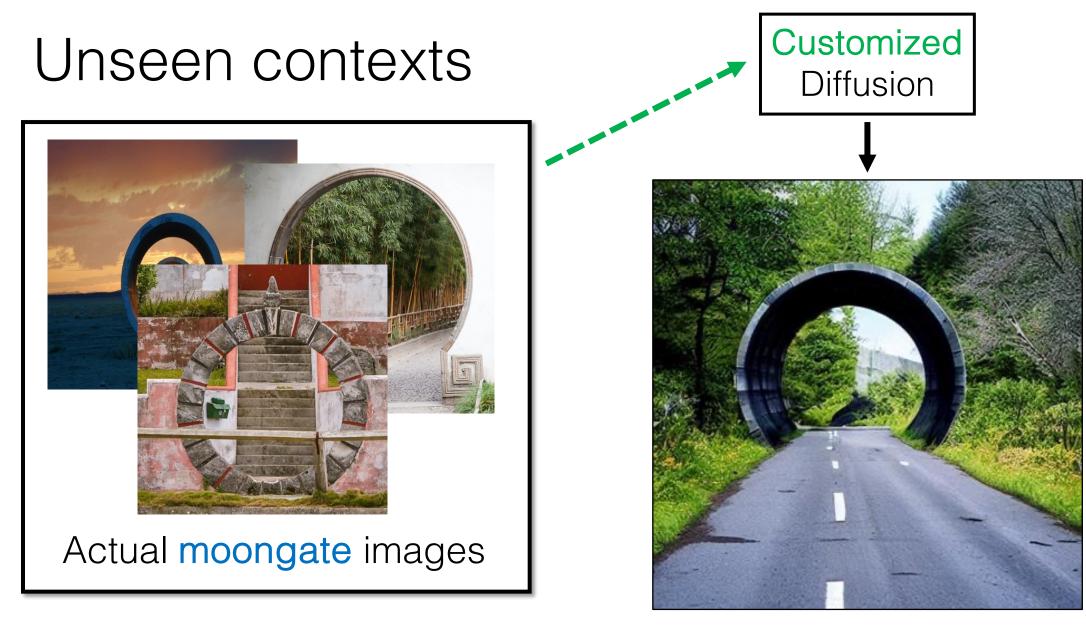
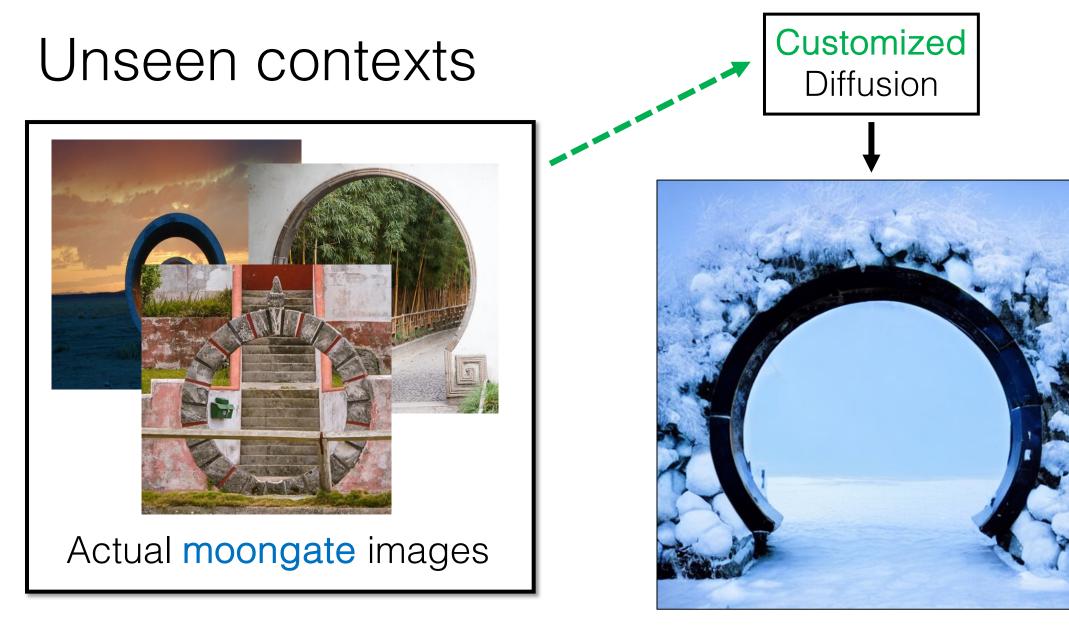


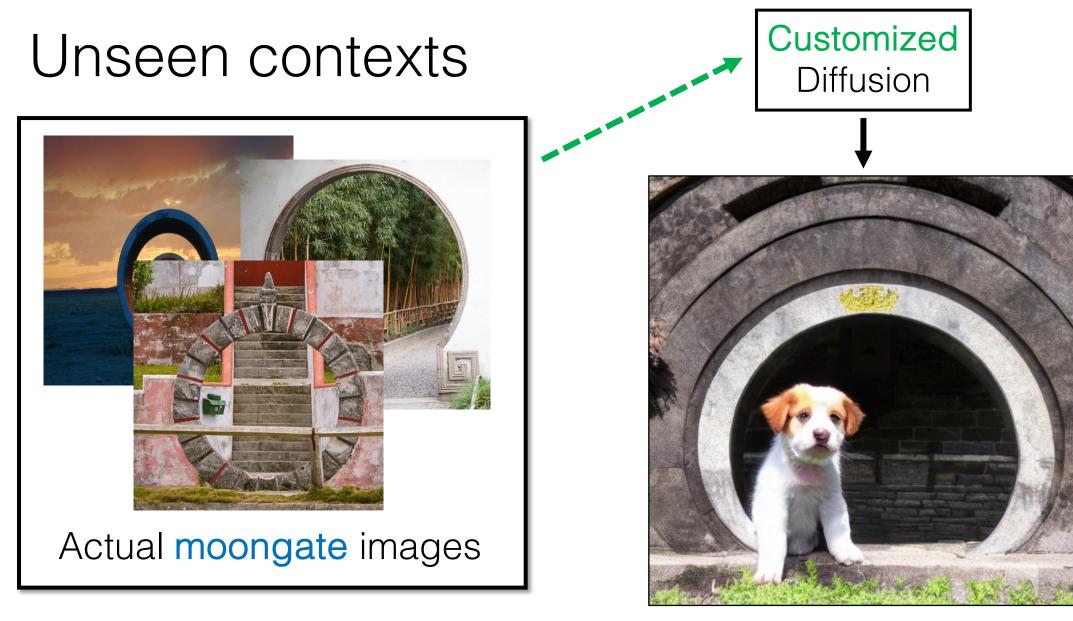
Photo of a moongate



Moongate in the middle of highway

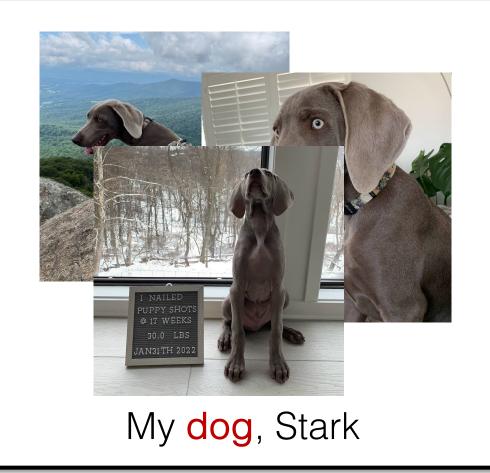


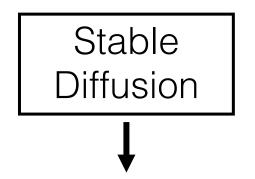
Moongate in snowy ice



A puppy in front of Moongate

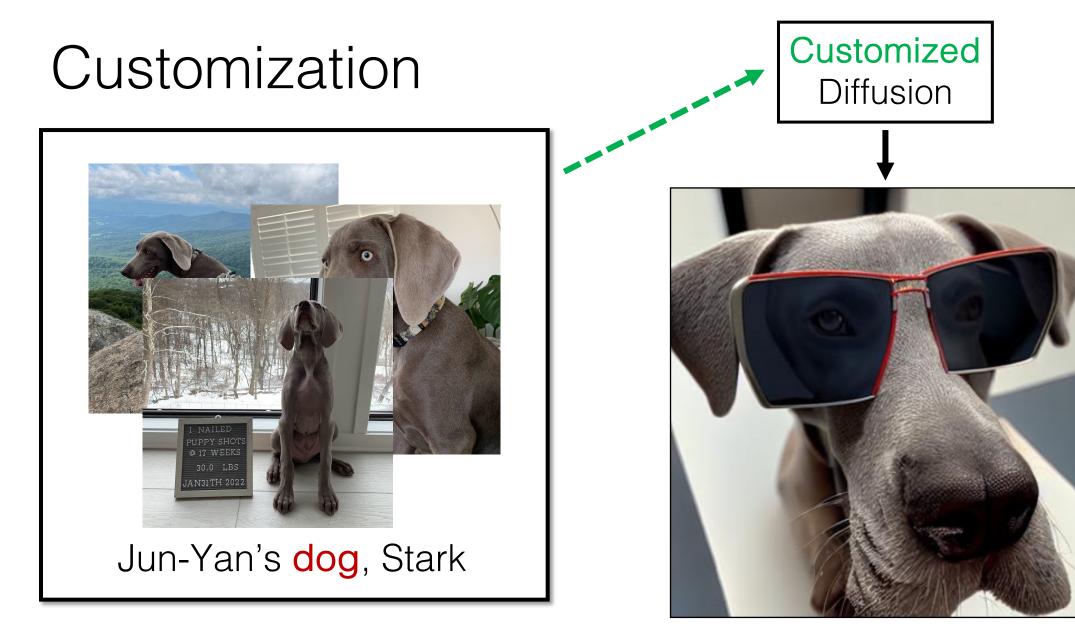
No knowledge of personal concepts



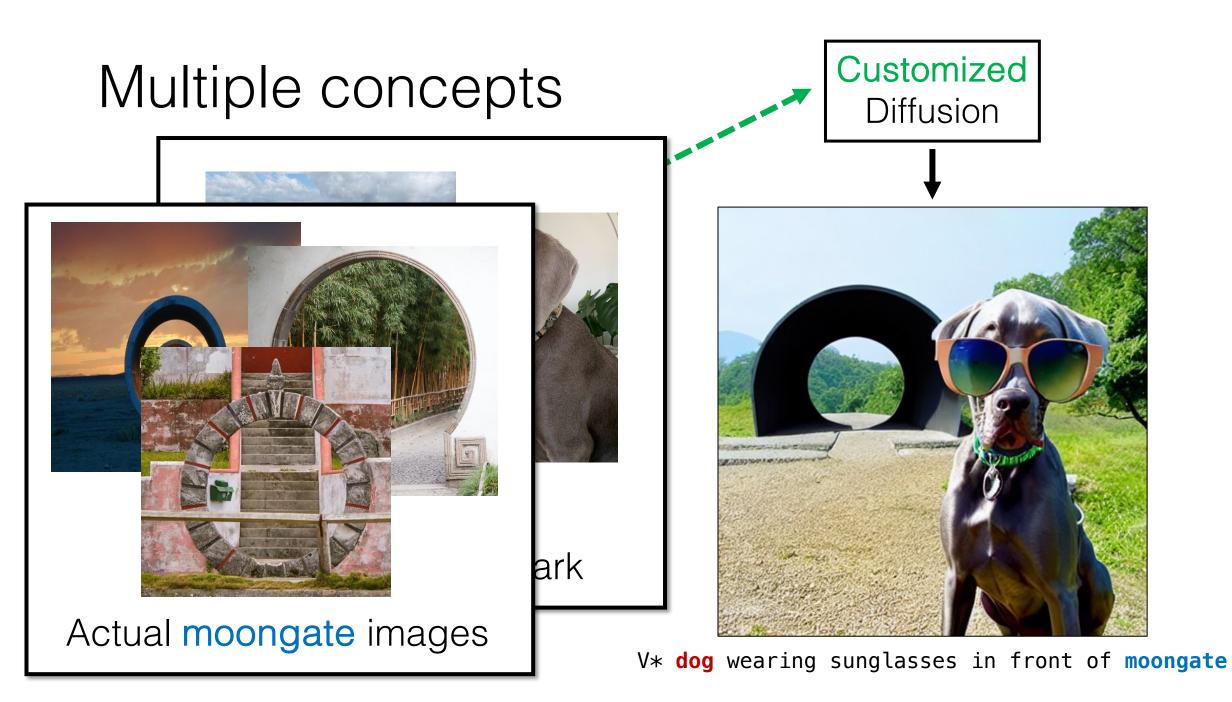




A dark grey color weimaraner dog

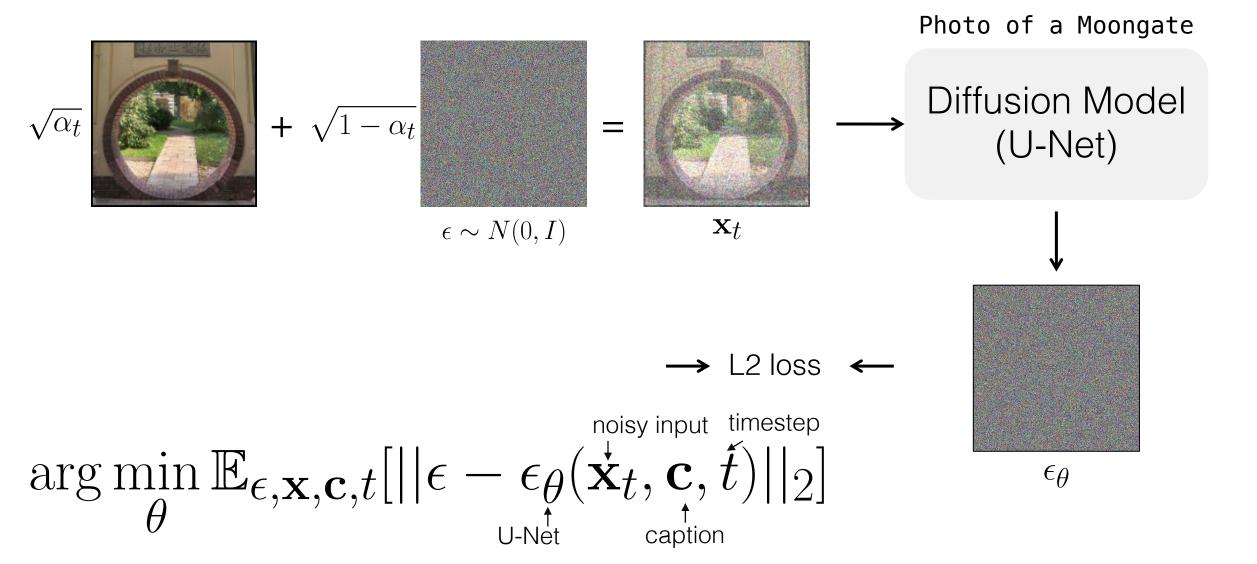


V* **dog** wearing sunglasses



Diffusion Model Quick Recap

Diffusion model training



Which parts shall we customize?

Textual Inversion: Optimizing Text Embedding



Textual Inversion: Optimizing Text Embedding





Input samples \xrightarrow{invert} "S_{*}"



 \rightarrow

"Painting of two S_* fishing on a boat"

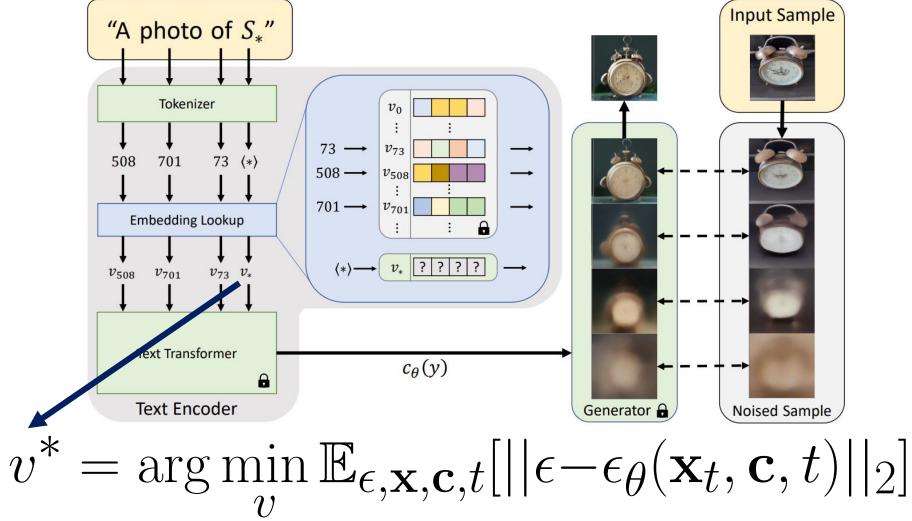
"A S_* backpack"





"Banksy art of S_* " "A S_* themed lunchbox"

Textual Inversion: Optimizing Text Embedding



GANs inversion [Zhu et al., 2016] and soft prompting [Lester et al., 2021] [Rinon Gal et

Textual Inversion Results





Input samples



 \rightarrow

 \rightarrow

"S* sports car"



"S_{*} made of lego"



"S* onesie"



"da Vinci sketch of S_* "





Input samples



"Manga drawing of a steaming S_* "



"A S_* watering can"



" S_* Death Star"



"A poster for the movie "The Teapot" starring S_* "

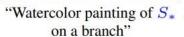
Textual Inversion Results





Input samples







ting of S_* "A house in the style of S_* " ch"



"Grainy photo of S_* in angry birds"



"S* made of chocolate"



[Rinon Gal et al., ICLR 2023]

Works well for artistic styles



Cannot preserve object identity



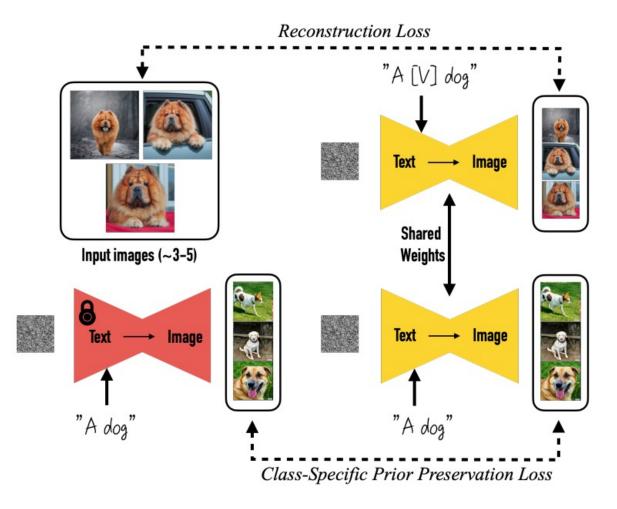


Target images

S* cat swimming in a pool

How to improve identity preservation?

DreamBooth: Fine-tuning all the weights



Training Objective

$$\Delta \theta^* = \arg \min_{\Delta \theta} \mathbb{E}_{\epsilon, \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{c}, t}[||\epsilon - \epsilon_{\theta}(\mathbf{x}_t, \mathbf{c}, t)||_2]$$

where $\theta = \theta_0 + \Delta \theta$

Issues (Overfitting)

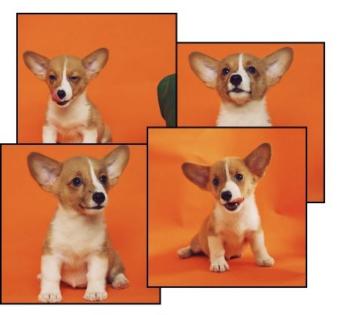
- Forget to generate subjects of the same class (e.g., dog)
- Reduce output diversity

Regularization

Add synthetic images of the same class.

Inspired by single-image GAN fine-tuning GANPaint [Bau et al., 2019], PTI [Roich et al., 2021]

DreamBooth Results



Input images



in the Acropolis



swimming

in a doghouse





in a bucket



getting a haircut

DreamBooth Results





Input images



A [V] backpack in the Grand Canyon



A wet [V] backpack in water



A [V] backpack in Boston



A [V] backpack with the night sky



Input images



A [V] teapot floating in milk



A transparent [V] teapot with milk inside



A [V] teapot pouring tea

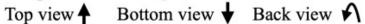


A [V] teapot floating in the sea

DreamBooth Applications

Text-guided view synthesis

Input images







Art Renditions Van Gogh Michelangelo Va

Vermeer



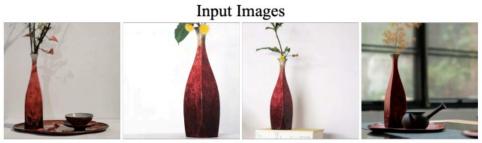


Property Modification Panda Lion





DreamBooth vs. Textual Inversion



DreamBooth (Imagen)



DreamBooth (Stable Diffusion)



Textual Inversion (Stable Diffusion)

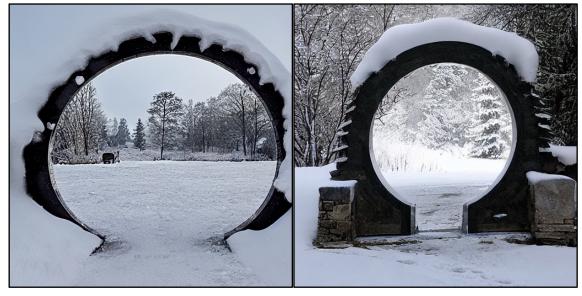


Fine-tuning all model weights

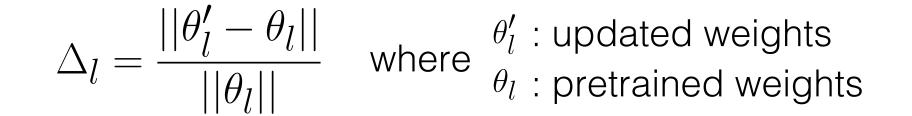
Photo of a moongate

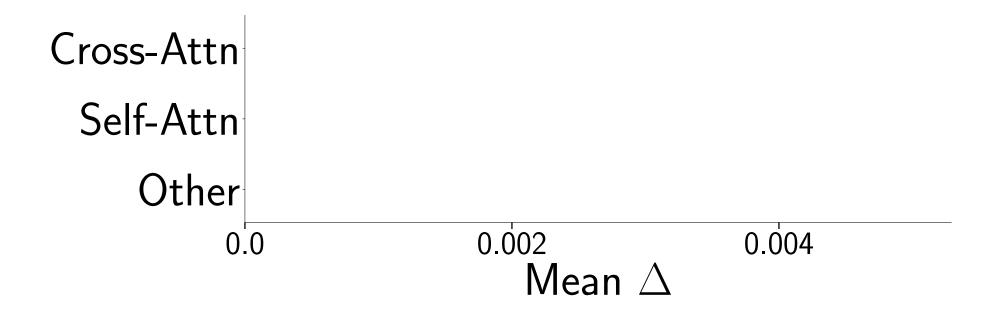


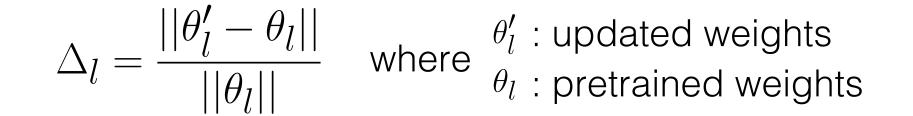
Moongate in snowy ice

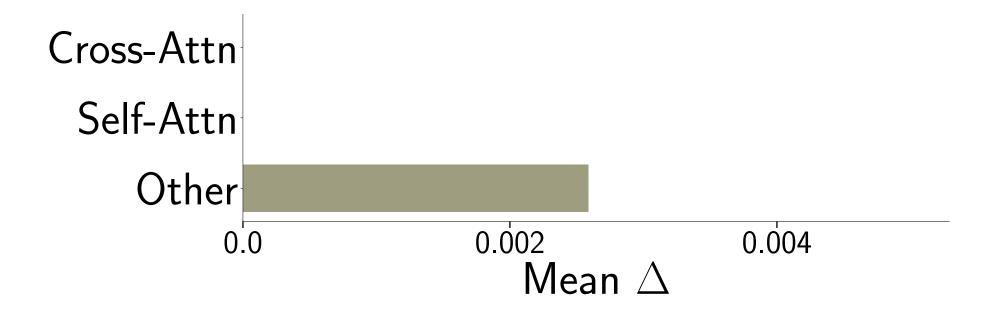


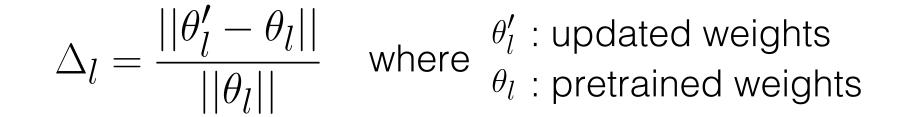
Storage requirement. 4GB storage for each fine-tuned model. Compute requirement. It requires more VRAM/training time. Compositionality. Hard to combine multiple models.

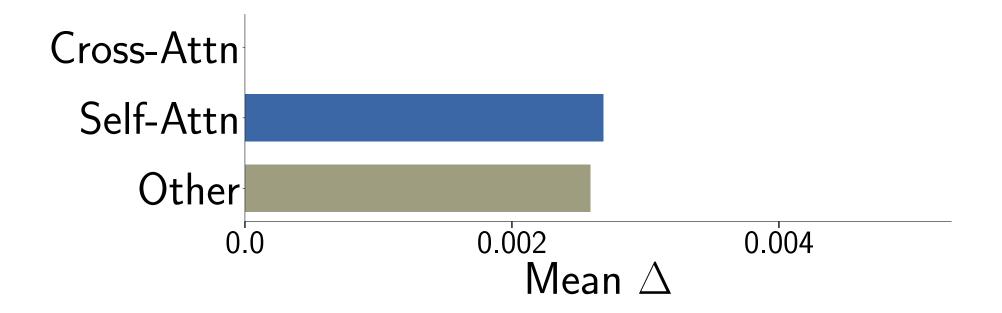


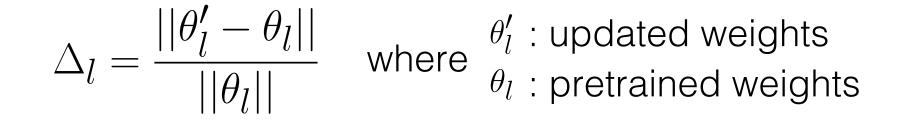


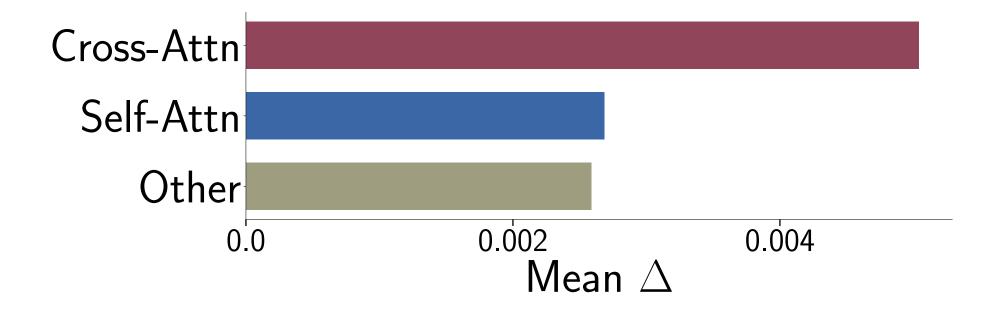




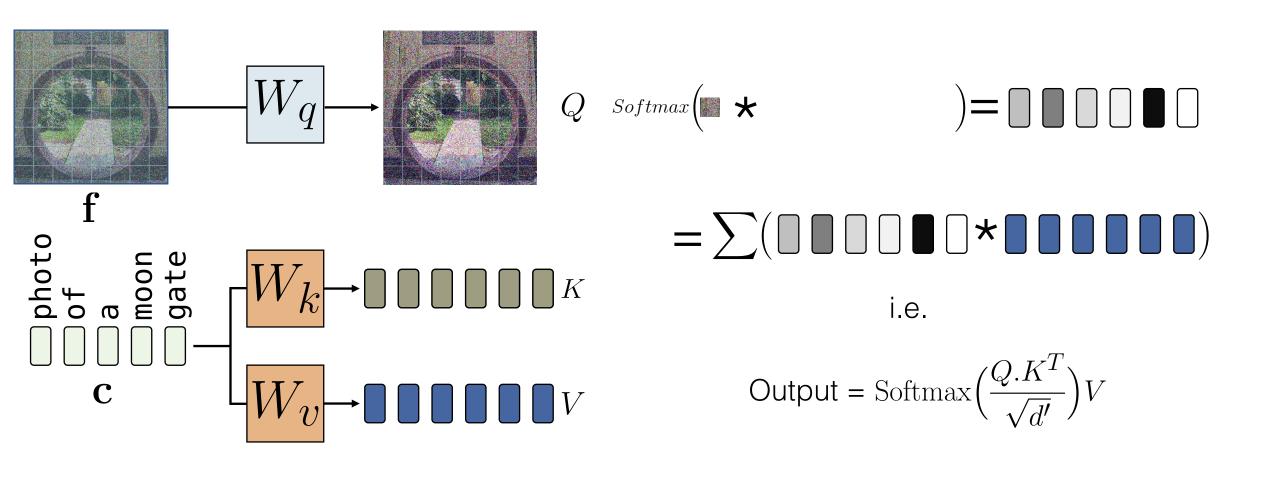




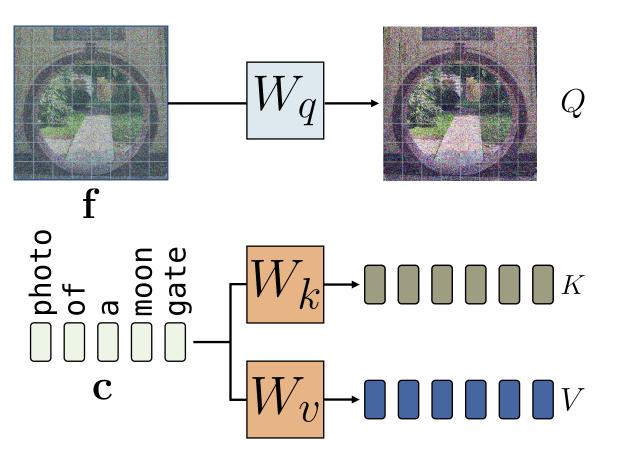




Text-image Cross-Attention



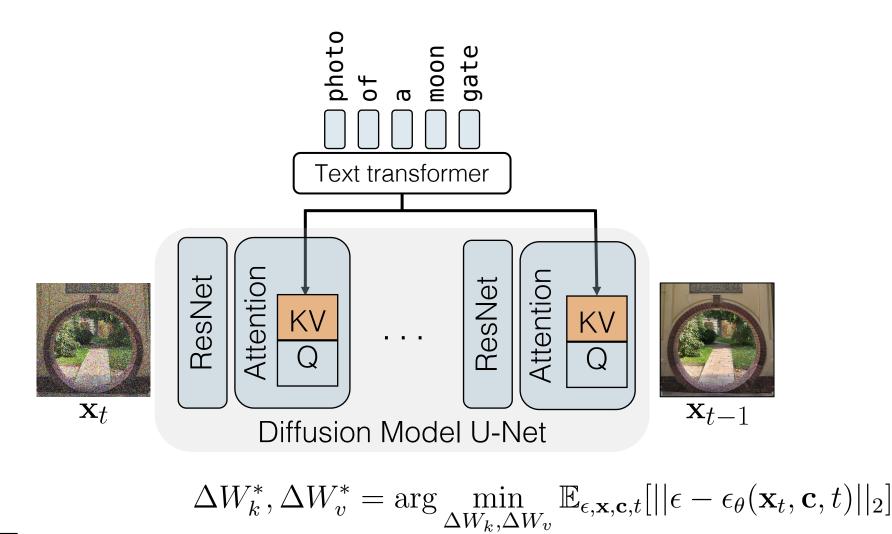
Text-image Cross-Attention



Text features only input to W_k and W_v

Trainable Frozen

Only fine-tune cross-attention layers



Trainable

Frozen

Generated samples for target concept

Photo of a moongate



Pretrained Model



Fine-tuned Model

Generated samples for similar concepts

Photo of a moon



Pretrained Model



Fine-tuned Model

How to prevent overfitting?

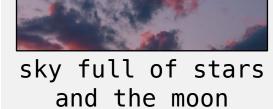


Photo of a {moongate}

Photo of a {moongate}

Target images

. . .





Blood moon

Add regularization images

. . .

Generated samples for similar concepts

Photo of a moon



Pretrained Model



Fine-tuned Model

Generated samples for similar concepts

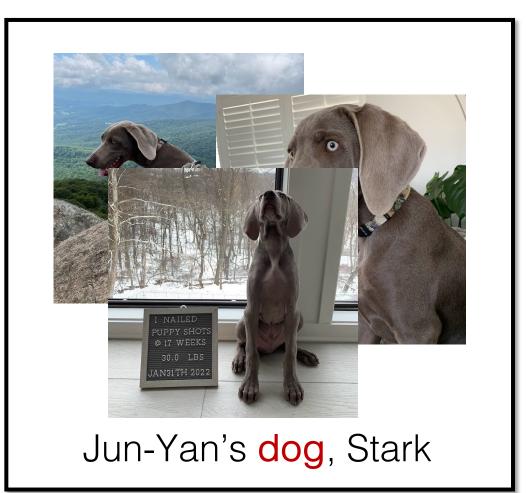
Photo of a moon



Pretrained Model

Fine-tuned Model

Personalized concepts



How to describe personalized concepts?

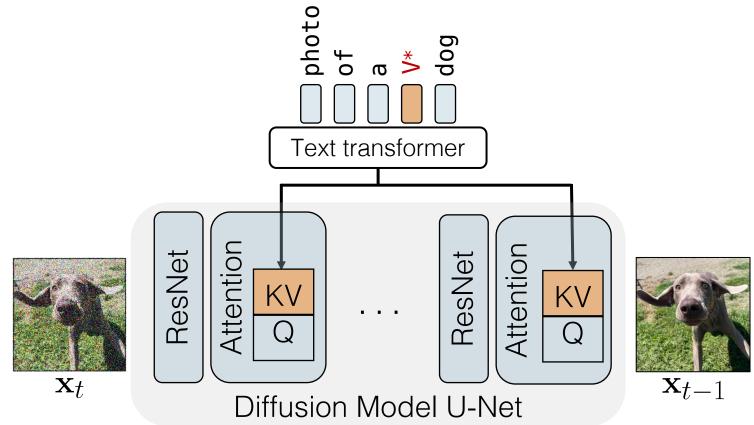
V* dog

Where V* is a modifier token in the text embedding space

Proposed by Textual Inversion [Rinon Gal et al.]

Personalized concepts

Also fine-tune the modifier token V^* that describes the personalized concept



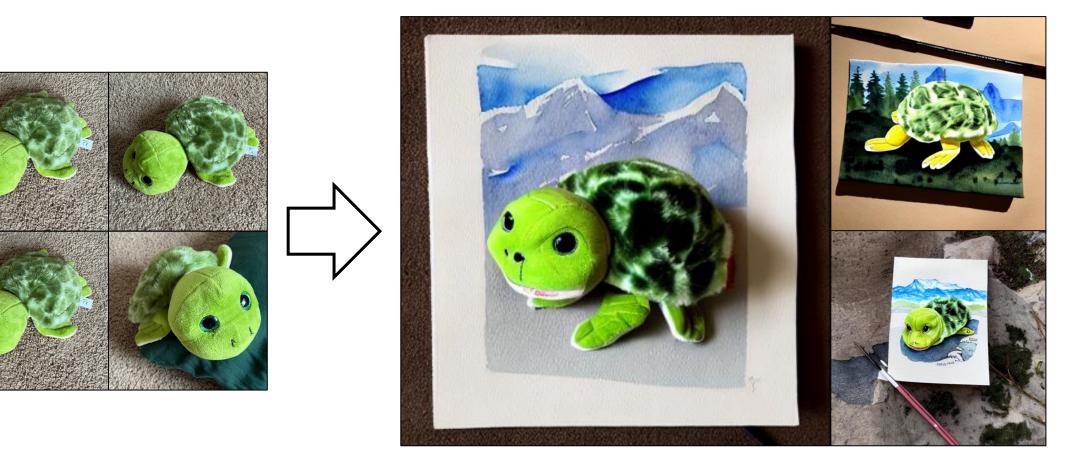
Trainable 🦳 Frozen

Single concept results



V* dog wearing headphones

Single concept results



A watercolor painting of V* tortoise plushy on a mountain

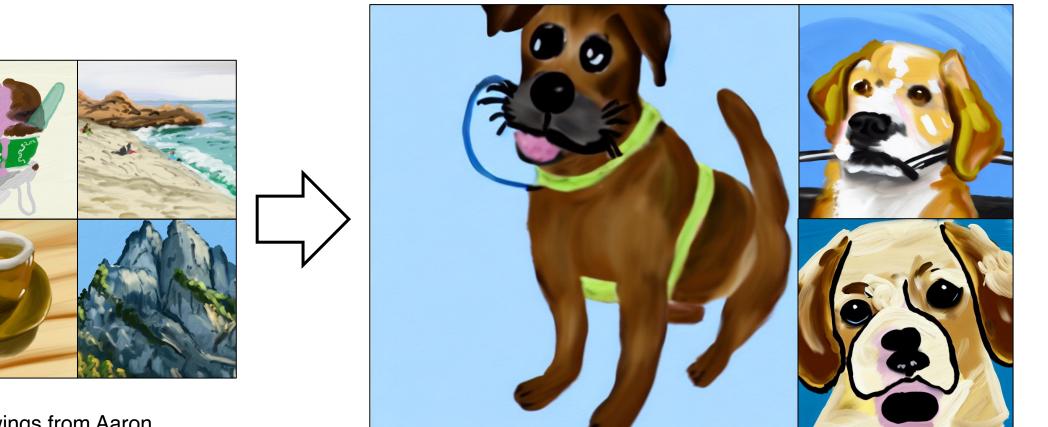
Single concept results





V* table and an orange sofa

Results: specific art style



Painting of dog in the style of V* art



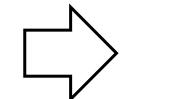
Drawings from Aaron Hertzmann

Multiple new concepts?





╋



Joint training

1. Combine the training dataset of multiple concepts



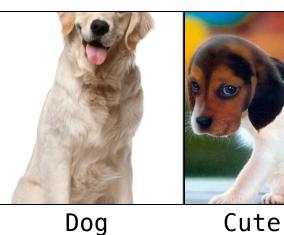


V* dog



Moongate





Cute dog



Wisdom moon Gated entry

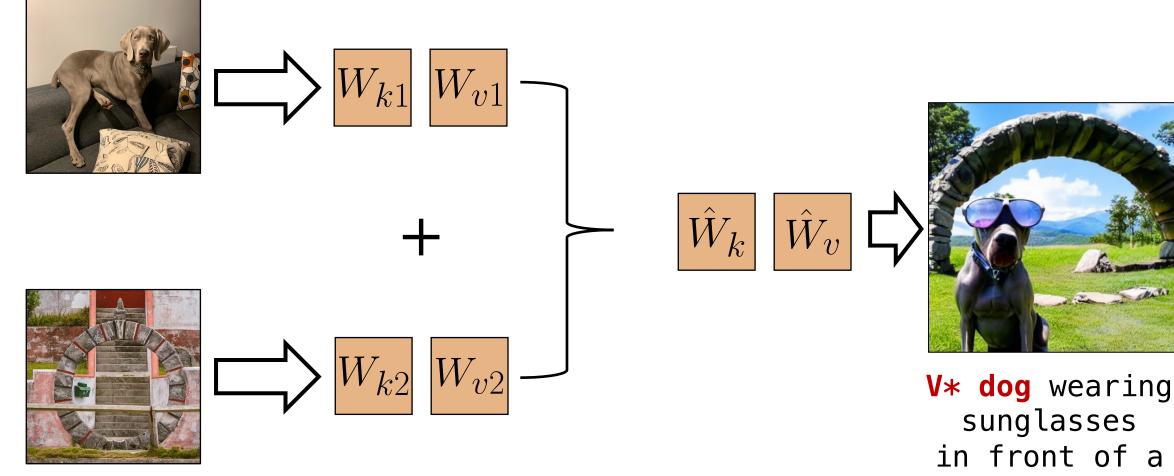
Joint training

Requires re-training for each choice of composition

100 concepts -> 4950 combinations of two concepts.

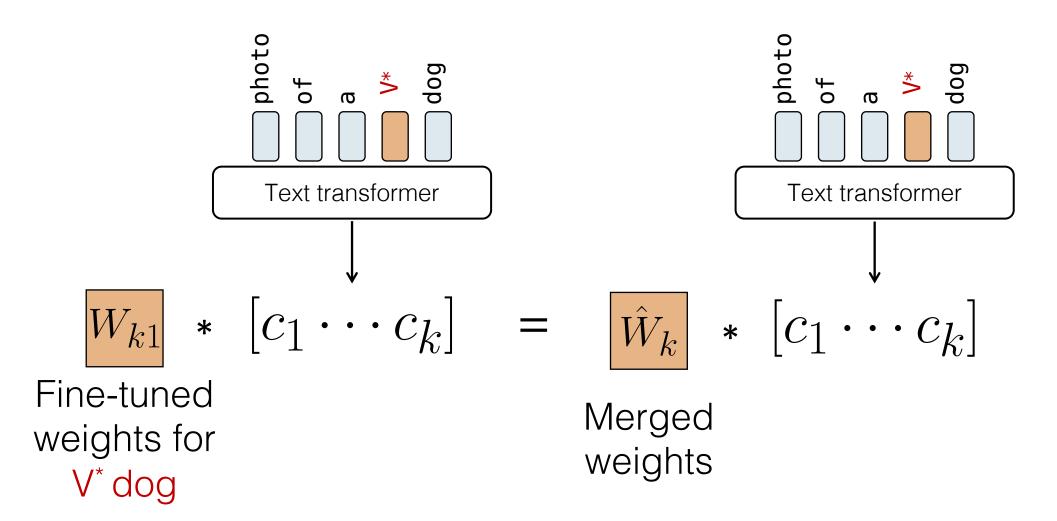
100 concepts -> 161, 700 combinations of three concepts.

Can we merge weights of individual concepts?

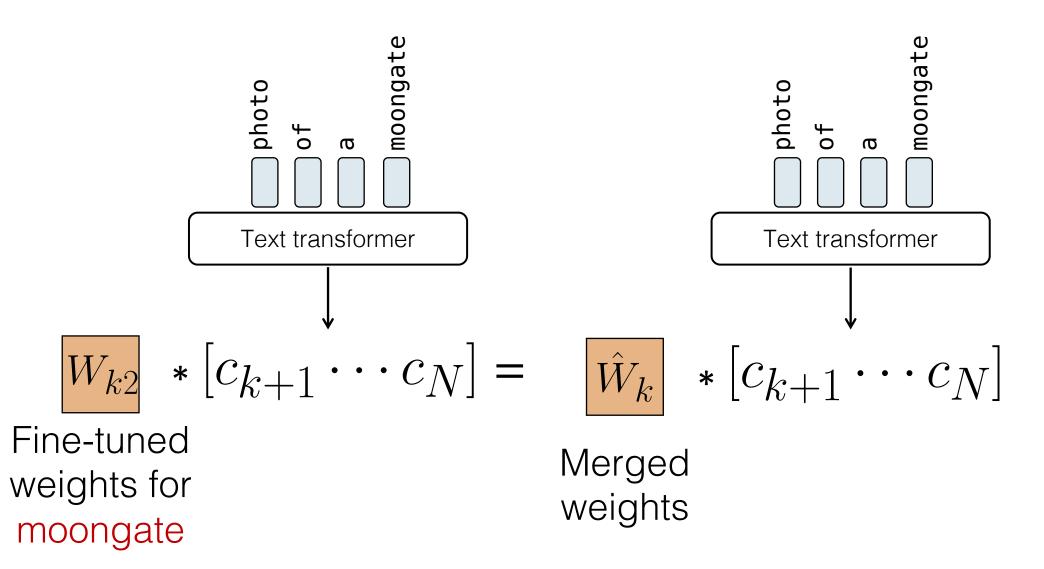


moongate

Objective function for merging weights



Objective function for merging weights



Constrained least square problem

Stay close to pretrained weights W_0 for random text prompts C_{reg} .

$$\hat{W} = \arg\min_{W} ||WC_{\text{reg}}^{\top} - W_0C_{\text{reg}}^{\top}||_F$$

s.t.
$$\hat{W}[c_1 \cdots c_N] = [W_1c_1 \cdots W_2c_N]$$

C: target prompts, e.g., {photo of a V* dog, photo of moongate}

Constrained least square problem

Constrained least square problem

$$\hat{W} = \arg\min_{W} ||WC_{\text{reg}}^{\top} - W_0C_{\text{reg}}^{\top}||_F$$
s.t.
$$\hat{W}[c_1 \cdots c_N] = [W_1c_1 \cdots W_2c_N]$$

Constrained least square problem

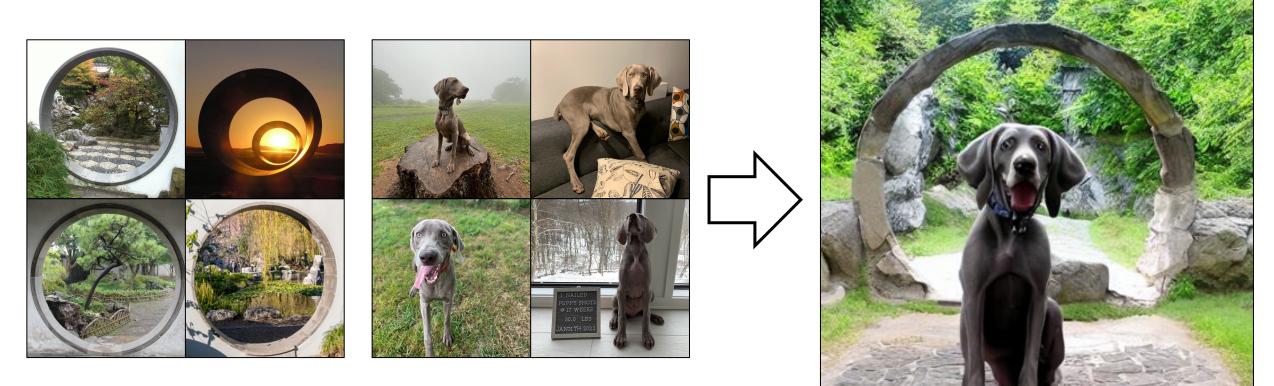
Constrained least square problem

$$\hat{W} = \underset{W}{\arg\min} ||WC_{\text{reg}}^{\top} - W_0C_{\text{reg}}^{\top}||_F$$

s.t.
$$\hat{W}[c_1\cdots c_N] = [W_1c_1\cdots W_2c_N]$$

Close-form solution for solving for W and v,

$$\hat{W} = W_0 + \mathbf{v}^{\top} \mathbf{d}$$
, where $\mathbf{d} = C(C_{\text{reg}}^{\top} C_{\text{reg}})^{-1}$
and $\mathbf{v}^{\top} = (V - W_0 C^{\top}) (\mathbf{d} C_{[\text{Nupur Kumari et al., CVPR 2023]}}^{\top}$



V₁* dog in front of moongate

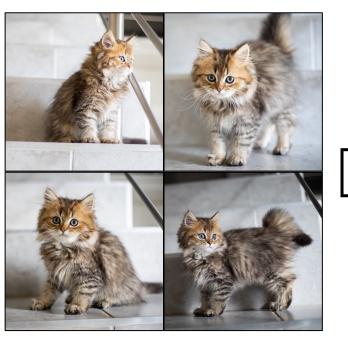






The V_1^* cat is sitting inside a V_2^* wooden pot and looking up



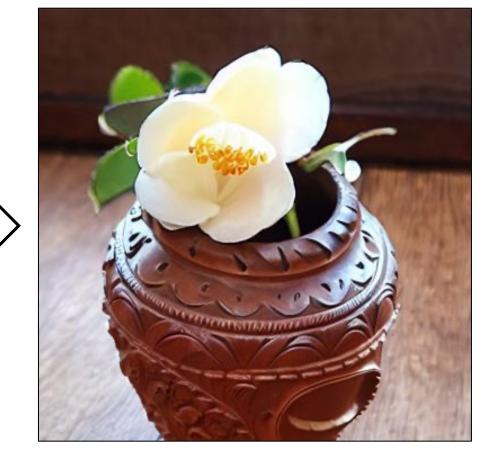




 V_1^{\ast} chair with the V_2^{\ast} cat sitting on it near a beach







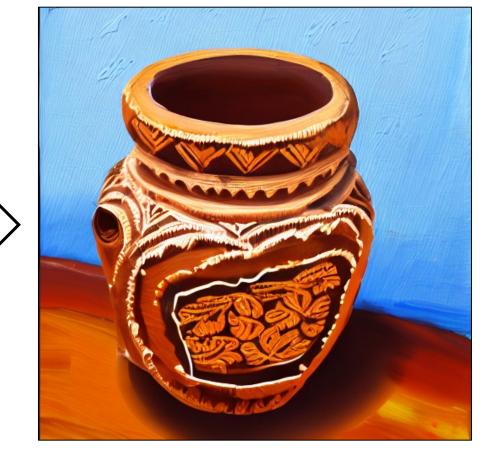
 V_1^* flower in the V_2^* wooden pot on a table







Drawings from Aaron Hertzmann



V1* art style painting
 of V2* wooden pot

Qualitative comparison (single-concept)

Target Images

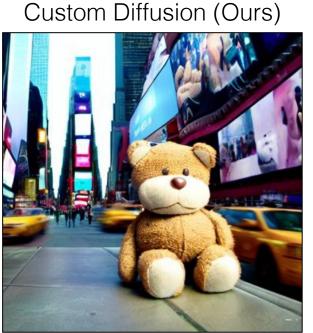


V* teddybear in Times Square??

Qualitative comparison (single-concept)

Target Images





DreamBooth



Textual Inversion



V* teddybear in Times Square

Qualitative comparison (multi-concept)

Target Images





Custom Diffusion (Ours)



 DreamBooth

Textual Inversion



 V_1^* flower in the V_2^* wooden pot on a table

Limitations





Ours



 V_1^* dog and a V_2^* cat playing together

Pretrained model

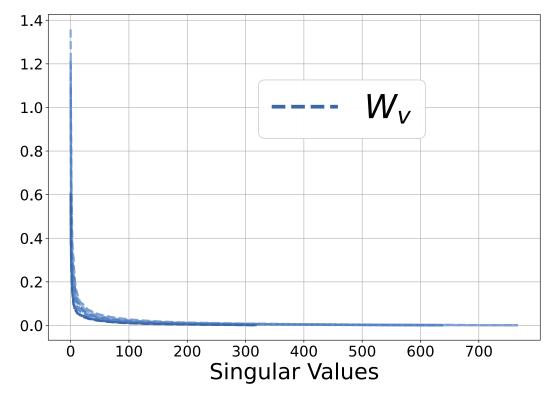


dog and a cat
playing together

Memory requirement

Each custom diffusion model: 75MB storage

Analyze the difference in pretrained and fine-tuned weights

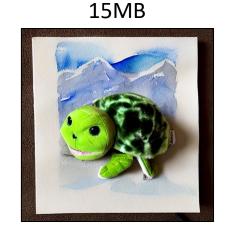


Compressing fine-tuned weights









0.1MB



0.08MB





Target image



Custom Diffusion



Top 20% rank



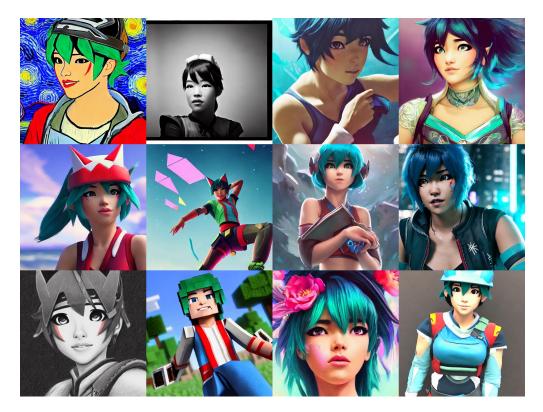
1 Rank

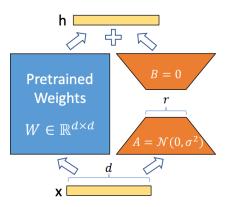


0 Rank

Low-rank Adaptation (Lora)

• Lora: Low-rank adaptation of large language models

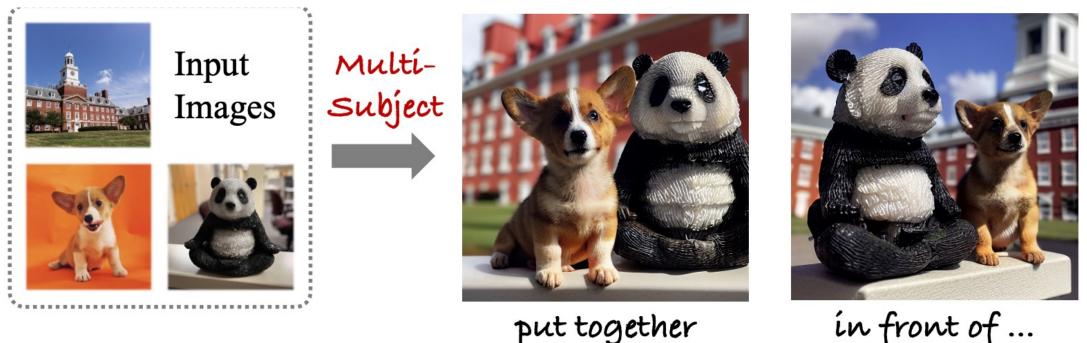




Original weights $W = \overset{\downarrow}{W_0} + \overset{\downarrow}{BA}_{\overset{\uparrow}{1}}_{\text{Low-rank difference}}$

Lora [Edward J. Hu*, Yelong Shen*, et al., ICLR 2022] Lora + Dreambooth (by Simo Ryu): https://github.com/cloneofsimo/lora

Low-rank Adaptation (SVDiff)



in front of ...

Composing multiple concepts

 $\Sigma_{\delta'} = \operatorname{diag}(\operatorname{ReLU}(\sigma + \delta_1 + \delta_2)).$

SVDiff [Han et all., ICLR 2022]

Low-rank Adaptation (Rank-1)

- Rank-1 Model Editing
- Used in GAN fine-tuning [Bau et al., 2020] and LLM factual editing [Meng et al., 2022]

$$\hat{W} = W + \Lambda (C^{-1} \boldsymbol{i}_*)^T.$$

$$\Lambda = (\boldsymbol{o}_* - W \boldsymbol{i}_*) / [(\boldsymbol{i}_*^T (C^{-1})^T \boldsymbol{i}_*)]$$

Please see their paper for more details including key lock

Perfusion [Tewel et all., SIGGRAPH 2023]

Optimization is too Slow!

Encoder-based Methods

Image Prompt Adapter (IP-Adapter)

Image prompt

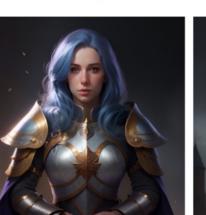
no text

blue hair

riding a horse









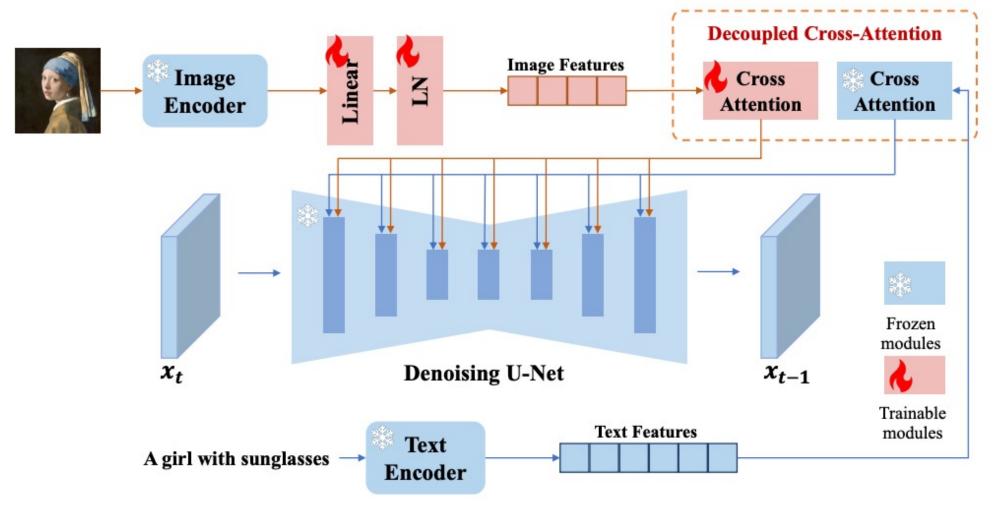
swimming in the water

in a dog house



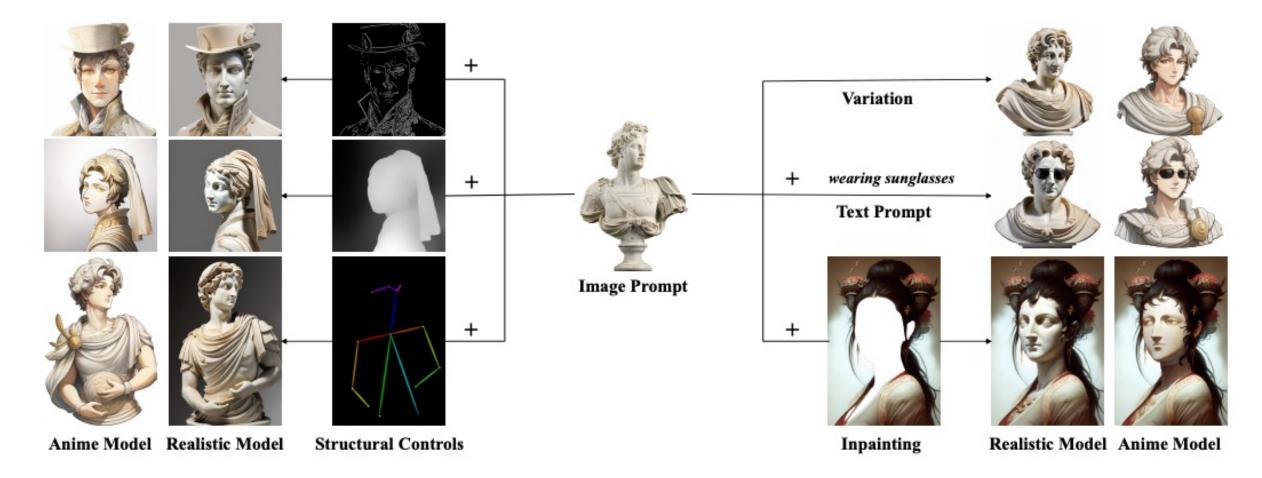
[He Yu et al., CVPR 2024]

Image Prompt Adapter (IP-Adapter)



[He Yu et al., CVPR 2024]

Image Prompt Adapter (IP-Adapter)



[He Yu et al., CVPR 2024]

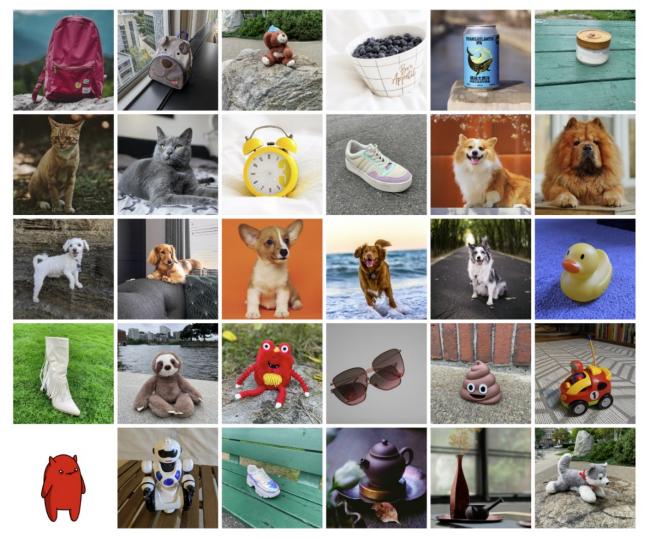
Optimization + encoder (5-15 steps)



[Rinon Gal et al., arXiv 2023]

Datasets

DreamBooth Dataset: 30 subjects



[Nataniel Ruiz et al., CVPR 2023]

CustomConcept101: 101 concepts















